





The Training Material on "Project Transportation" has been produced under Project Sustainable Human Resource Development in Logistic Services for ASEAN Member States with the support from Japan-ASEAN Integration Fund (JAIF). Copyright Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) 2014. All rights reserved.







### AFFA Project Transportation Management PART I







## Cargo Transportation

### Module Introduction and Objectives:

- 1. To understand the concept of cargo transportation;
- 2. To be able to size up the project and make necessary preparations to undertake the job;
- 3. To be able to group the project into coherent segments for the purpose of monitoring and control;







# Cargo Transportation

- 4. To be able to decide on the Intermodal of land transport over large land-mass or distances
- 5. To be able to decide on the types and variety of equipment to be deployed
- 6. To be able to work out the costs of such project;
- 7. To be able to take necessary precautions on safety and related practices



In this chapter we will discuss on understanding the concept of cargo transportation and also to understand the types of such cargo units;

Namely:

- 1. A large single unit cargo
- 2. A combination of some "non-containerized" units plus some in containers;
- 3. Cargo or container handling equipments;
- 4. To be able to identify all necessary procedures and processes involved routings and reading road signs.







### Japan-ASEAN Cooperation Cooperation Cargo Transportation

### An example of Single unit load on a Multi-modular chassis



Courtesy: balajicargo.com

Module Name: Cargo Transportation Chapter Name







## Cargo Transportation

- Typical heavy lift items are generators, turbines, reactors, boilers, towers, casting, heaters, presses, locomotives, boats, satellites, military equipment and parts of oil rigs and production platforms.
- These items weight between approximately 1 and 1000 tons and can be more than 50 meters high and wide.



Or an assortment of such units in boxes or crates

Source: posey-intnl.com





Or a combination of such units

JAIF



Source: DSDF Group



#### This used to be 'heavy unit' with the assistance of wheel-barrow





Heavy lift items is sophisticated and expensive, which means you can't just go to the warehouse and get another one. Heavy lift cargo is often customized orders that take months, sometimes even years, to produce. If the item is damaged it will cause serious problems for all parties involved. **Teamwork is absolutely necessary**. A well functioning team is highly motivated, flexible and can handle critical situations better and faster.







### Japan-ASEAN Cooperation Cooperation Cargo Transportation

To **'size-up'** the cargo consignment:

Cargo type: a single very large and heavy item and such cargo may come in all sizes and shapes. Handling and moving this type of cargo will require equipment not normally utilized, for example:

- Multi-axles trailer or chassis;
- Large high-powered prime movers:
- Heavy-lift cranes; or even a combination of them



Cargo transportation may also be referred to as cargo management within the concept of MTO or multimodal transport operation It involves the **gathering** of all the items, packaging them and then delivering them to a named destination; It may involve all modes of transportation or

### just one mode



### Single large unit: For example: Storage Tanks.



Courtesy: Klilcargo.com

![](_page_14_Picture_0.jpeg)

**Self-propelled modular transporters (SPMTs)** are multiaxle trailers designed for the transportation of large and heavy cargos. 4 or more axle modules can be coupled side-to-side and end-to-end to suit the weight or dimensions of the proposed cargo.

A **Diesel driven Power Pack (PPU**) is attached to the end of the SPMT group to supply hydraulic power to the drive and suspension systems. The capacity of each axle line is 32 Ton Net (36 Ton Gross including SPMT self weight).

The load is transferred through the chassis to 2 hydraulic suspension rams per axle line. Each ram is attached to a hinged elbow supported by 2 tires.

![](_page_15_Picture_0.jpeg)

Source: heavyliftspecialist.com

### Video of **SPMTs**

Published on 24 Nov 2012(YouTube) The Self Propelled Modular Transport being prepared to unload a 295 foot long 2.8 million lbs submarine in Port Burwell Ontario by Arnold Paul.

![](_page_15_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_15_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_15_Picture_8.jpeg)

### Japan-ASEAN Cooperatic Cargo Transportation

![](_page_16_Picture_0.jpeg)

JADAN COOPERATIC COOPERATION COOPERATION

Equipment to handle such large heavy unit; A static shore crane may be needed.

Look at the counter-weight.

![](_page_16_Picture_4.jpeg)

Courtesy: wireropeexchange.qordpress.com

![](_page_17_Picture_0.jpeg)

Or Using 2 Mobile Cranes to lift a Single Unit. What is the advantage?

![](_page_17_Picture_2.jpeg)

Courtesy: whytecranes.com

![](_page_18_Picture_0.jpeg)

#### **Other Lifting devices: Heavy Forklifts.**

Advantage? Disadvantage?

![](_page_18_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Picture_0.jpeg)

### Or even Heavier Fork-lift for lifting containers. All containers?

![](_page_19_Picture_2.jpeg)

Courtesy: cargotec.com

![](_page_20_Picture_0.jpeg)

#### **High Mast Forklifts with Clamps**

![](_page_20_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_0.jpeg)

Top Loader: Advantages? Disadvantages?

![](_page_21_Picture_2.jpeg)

Courtesy; taylormachineworks.com

![](_page_22_Picture_0.jpeg)

### **Top-Loader used as Crane?**

The spreader helps to relieve stress on the cables used Source: heavy-lift.UK

Video on Front Loaders and Reach Stackers Source: www.tito.com

![](_page_22_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Picture_0.jpeg)

### Why is certain equipment used?

The **availability** of each type of equipment may restrict the choices of option; hence improvisation may be needed;

Each equipment type may suit only certain environment of the location; e.g. the general ground condition is important;

Mobile cranes may be more commonly available because of their mobility and general utility;

Smaller capacity Fork-lifts may be easily available though not the heavy units; likewise the top-lifters;

![](_page_24_Picture_0.jpeg)

In preparing to transport cargo from factory to loading port, having size up the transport mode & study the route; if particularly by road:

- distance of the journey;
- possible traffic obstructions;
- timing of cargo movement to avoid traffic congestion;
- study any other obstructions along the route;

![](_page_25_Picture_0.jpeg)

### Road Signage Showing Distances

![](_page_25_Picture_2.jpeg)

Courtesy: en.wikipedia.org

![](_page_26_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_26_Picture_1.jpeg)

Looking Ahead On possible Obstructions

![](_page_26_Figure_4.jpeg)

Courtesy: illinoistruckcops.org

![](_page_27_Picture_0.jpeg)

### Studying the route

a) To avoid traffic congestion, select the off-peak periods; especially at night, after 22.00hrs to the early next morning;

b) To survey the route to check on any obstructions:

- over-head bridge/s with limited height clearance
- narrow or limited load over bridge/s
- overhead electrical or telephone cables
- what procedures are required to temporarily remove them

![](_page_28_Picture_0.jpeg)

### Unprepared for Height Limitation

![](_page_28_Picture_2.jpeg)

Courtesy: shippingandmoving.com

![](_page_29_Picture_0.jpeg)

### **Height Limitations**

![](_page_29_Picture_2.jpeg)

Courtesy: mrpoh.wordpress.co.uk

![](_page_30_Picture_0.jpeg)

#### **Time Restriction**

![](_page_30_Picture_2.jpeg)

Courtesy: yorkpress.co.uk

![](_page_31_Picture_0.jpeg)

#### **Overhead Electric Power Line**

Courtesy: ukma.org.uk

![](_page_31_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_32_Picture_0.jpeg)

#### Show road limitations

![](_page_32_Picture_3.jpeg)

Courtesy: jhpolice.gov.in

![](_page_33_Picture_0.jpeg)

# Show bridge limitations

JAIF

Courtesy; nzta.govt.nz

![](_page_33_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Picture_0.jpeg)

### Food for thought?

What actions can be taken to remove some of the above obstacles? Say, on a short span rural bridge with only 5T load permissible?

Can a sufficiently thick steel plate be laid across to allow the passage?

Instead of finding a longer route to travel, thus incurring extra costs and time and should be taken into consideration right from the start.